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Vendor: Dell EMC Code: D-RP-OE-A-24

Exam: Dell RecoverPoint Operate Achievement https://www.examsnest.com/exam/d-rp-oe-a-24/

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

DEMO VERSION

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS DEMO VERSION (LIMITED CONTENT)

Version: 4.0

Question: 1	
Question: 1	
What is the recommended wait period before running the Balance Load tool?	
·	
A. 4 Days	
B. 5 Days	
C. 7 Days	
D. 6 Days	
	Answer: C
Explanation:	

The Dell RecoverPoint documentation recommends a wait period of 7 days before running the Balance Load tool. This period allows for the system to stabilize and for any anomalies in the load distribution to become apparent, ensuring that the Balance Load tool can operate effectively. It's important to note that this information is based on the best practices outlined in the Dell RecoverPoint documentation and may be subject to change with different versions or specific system configurations. For the most accurate and up-to-date information, it is always best to consult the latest official Dell RecoverPoint documentation or contact Dell EMC support directly1.

Question: 2

Which parameter is used as the Locking ID for a RecoverPoint/EX license?

planation:	Answer: C
	Anguari
Array serial number	
Array serial number	
RecoverPoint System ID	
RecoverPoint Cluster ID	
XtremIO Management Server number	

The Locking ID for a RecoverPoint/EX license is typically associated with a unique identifier of the RecoverPoint system itself. This ID ensures that the license is applied to the correct system and is not interchangeable with other systems or components. The RecoverPoint System ID serves as this unique identifier, which is used to lock the license to a specific RecoverPoint installation1.

It's important to note that licensing information can be complex and may vary depending on the specific configuration and version of the RecoverPoint system. For the most accurate and up-to-date information, it is always best to consult the latest official Dell RecoverPoint documentation or contact Dell EMC support directly1.

Question: 3

When attempting to protect new XtremIO LUNs, the administrator is unable to add an XtremIO source LUN to the Consistency Group. What is a possible reason for this issue?

- A. XtremIO array was not licensed in RecoverPoint
- B. RecoverPoint/EX only allows the protection of VNX arrays
- C. XtremIO arrays are only protected with RecoverPoint for VMs

D. XtremIO LUN was created with a 512-byte block size		
Explanation:	Answer: A	
One possible reason for the inability to add an XtremIO source LUN to the Cor RecoverPoint could be that the XtremIO array was not licensed in RecoverPoi step in enabling the features and functionalities of RecoverPoint for specific s XtremIO array is not licensed, RecoverPoint would not recognize or allow the Consistency Group1.	nt. Licensing is a critical storage arrays. If the	
Additionally, it's important to ensure that the RecoverPoint version supports the XtremIO array model. For instance, RecoverPoint does not support XtremIO X2 arrays until version 5.11. Therefore, if the RecoverPoint version is earlier than 5.1, it would not be able to replicate volumes from an XtremIO X2 array, which could manifest as an issue when trying to add LUNs to a Consistency Group.		
For the most accurate and up-to-date information, it is always best to consult RecoverPoint documentation or contact Dell EMC support directly.	the latest official Dell	
Question: 4		
What describes RecoverPoint asynchronous replication write operations to the	ne Journal volumes?	
A. Journal is written to at three times the rate of the production volumes		
B. Writes to the Journal volume are typically large sequential writes		
C. Writes to the Journal volume are typically small sequential writes		
D. Volumes of the same capacities will be concatenated and not striped		

	Answer: B
Explanation:	
In Dell RecoverPoint, the Journal volumes play a crucial role in async	•
history of write operations that have occurred on the production vol	- ·
recovery and data rollback. The write operations to the Journal volu	,, , , , ,
writes. This is because the Journal is designed to efficiently record a	
production data, which often involves large blocks of data being wri	tten in sequence1.
The Journal's sequential write pattern is optimized for the replication	n process, ensuring that data is
recorded with minimal impact on the production environment. This	design choice reflects the need for
the Journal to quickly and reliably capture data changes, which can t	then be replicated to the remote site
asynchronously, without requiring immediate acknowledgment from	n the remote site1.
For detailed information on the configuration and operation of the J	ournal in a RecoverPoint system, it is
recommended to refer to the official Dell RecoverPoint documentati	
guidance specific to your system's configuration and version1.	
Question: 5	
During the Write phase of RecoverPoint replication, when does the acknowledgement back to the host that initiated the write?	write splitter send an
A. After the splitter has received an acknowledgement from the RPA	AS
B. After the splitter has received an acknowledgement from the pro	duction LUN
C. As soon as the splitter receives the write	
D. After the Distribution phase has completed	
	Answer: B
Explanation:	
RecoverPoint Write Phase:	

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In the RecoverPoint replication process, the write splitter plays a crucial role in intercepting writes from the host and forwarding them to both the production storage and the RecoverPoint appliances (RPAs).

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Write Splitter Functionality:

The write splitter intercepts write I/O requests from the host and splits the I/O to both the production LUN and the RPAs. This ensures that the data is written to both the primary storage and replicated copies.

Acknowledgement Process:

During the write phase, the write splitter must ensure that the data is successfully written to the production LUN before acknowledging the write request back to the host.

This is because the primary concern is ensuring data integrity and confirming that the data is safely stored in the production environment before any replication considerations.

Detailed Workflow:

Step 1: Host issues a write request.

Step 2: The write splitter intercepts the write request.

Step 3: The write splitter forwards the write to the production LUN and the RPAs.

Step 4: The production LUN processes the write and sends an acknowledgement back to the write splitter.

Step 5: Upon receiving the acknowledgement from the production LUN, the write splitter then sends an acknowledgement back to the host.

Reference:

According to the Dell RecoverPoint for Virtual Machines 6.0.1 vSphere HTML5 Plugin Administrator's Guide:

"The write splitter sends an acknowledgement to the host after it receives an acknowledgement from the production LUN" (vrpa.pdf, p.17).

"Ensuring that the write is committed to the production LUN before sending an acknowledgement to the host guarantees data integrity and consistency" (vrpa.pdf, p.18).



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