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Vendor: Linux Foundation

Code: HFCP

Exam: Hyperledger Fabric Certified Practitioner

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QUESTIONS & ANSWERS
DEMO VERSION

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS DEMO VERSION (LIMITED CONTENT)

Answer: D

Version: 4.0

Question: 1	
An enterprise blockchain is a permission blockchain node distributed to wh	hom?
A. Administration data center	
B. Nodes distributed with a validator	
C. Member organizations	
D. Nodes distributed on a public Blockchain	
	Answer: C
Explanation:	
In Hyperledger Fabric, the enterprise blockchain is a permissioned of distributed among the member organizations that participate in the blockcontrast to a public blockchain where anyone can participate anonymblockchain like Hyperledger Fabric, the participants are known entities where such as enterprises or organizations, that have specific permissions and This setup enhances security and trust as each participant is vetted and aunetwork operations. The architecture of Hyperledger Fabric is designed governance model, where multiple organizations can interact in a secure a maintaining their own ledgers but sharing data that require consensus across	ckchain network. This is in mously. In a permissioned within a business network, I roles within the network. It is a thorized to take part in the igned to support such a and regulated environment,
Question: 2	
An endorsement policy lists what?	
A. The number of organizations involved in a transaction.	
B. The number of peers needed to endorse a transaction.	
C. The order in which transactions are executed.	
D. The identities required for endorsing a transaction	

Explanation:

In Hyperledger Fabric, an endorsement policy specifies which network participants, identified by their digital identities, must endorse a transaction before it can be considered valid. This is crucial for the network's security and integrity, as it controls how transactions are approved and added to the ledger. Endorsement policies are part of the channel configuration and can be customized to fit the specific needs of a business network. They dictate the necessary endorsements from specific organizations or even particular roles within those organizations, ensuring that only authorized

entities can validate transactions. This mechanism supports the collaborative yet secure nature of the enterprise blockchain, where trust is decentralized across different organizations that are part of the network.

Question:	3
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A smart contract can call other smart contracts both within the same channel and across different channels. Which of the following transactions is inter-contract communication whose functionality is limited?

- A. Chaincode X calls Getstate in Chaincode Y on the same channel.
- B. Chaincode X calls Putstate in Chaincode Y on the same channel.
- C. Chaincode X calls Getstate in Chaincode Y on a different channel.
- D. Chaincode X calls Putstate in Chaincode Y on a different channel.

Answer: D

### Explanation:

In Hyperledger Fabric, inter-contract communication is possible both within the same channel and across different channels. However, the functionality to alter the state (using PutState) of a chaincode on a different channel is restricted. This limitation is due to the security and isolation principles of channels in Hyperledger Fabric, where each channel represents a separate ledger and state. Transactions within a channel can read and write data freely, subject to endorsement policies, but writing data to another channel's chaincode directly is not permitted. This prevents unauthorized influence on a separate and potentially isolated business process, ensuring that operations within a channel are controlled and secure.

# Question: 4

When building a test network, how many nodes are adequate for an Ordering Service?

- A. There is no set number of nodes required for an Ordering Service.
- B. Three ordering nodes are needed for a test Ordering Service.
- C. One ordering nodes is sufficient for an Ordering Service.
- D. Ordering Service nodes are optional in a test network.

Answer:	С

### Explanation:

For a test network in Hyperledger Fabric, one ordering node is sufficient to form an Ordering Service7. The test network typically uses a single-node Raft ordering service for simplicity and educational purposes. However, for production networks, a multi-node ordering service is recommended for fault tolerance and high availability8.

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Regarding peer lifecycle chaincode, which of the following is the incorrect (unsupported)

subcommand for query?	subcomma	and for	auer\	/?
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A. peer lifecycle chaincode querypackaged

B. peer lifecycle chaincode querycommitted

C. peer lifecycle chaincode queryapproved

D. peer lifecycle chaincode queryinstalled

Ancwore	^
Answer:	A

## Explanation:

The correct subcommands for querying in the peer lifecycle chaincode are queryinstalled, queryapproved, checkcommitreadiness, commit, and querycommitted1. The subcommand querypackaged is not a supported subcommand for querying in the peer lifecycle chaincode.



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